Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1-14. (cancelled)

15. (currently amended) An in vitro serological diagnosis method for detecting the presence of antibodies specific to an infectious microbial agent in a sample to be tested, which comprises:

a) depositing on a solid substrate a first antigen Ag_1 comprising a whole Staphylococcus aureus bacterium which comprises protein A and at least one second antigen Ag_2, wherein said second antigen Ag_2 is an infectious microbial agent, and

b) contacting said first antigen Ag_1 and said at least one second antigen Ag_2 with a sample to be tested causing said first antigen Ag_1 and said at least one second Ag_2 to react with a sample to be tested, and

c) detecting whether a human immunoglobulin Ac_1 in said human serum sample reacts with said first antigen Ag_1 by causing the reaction product Ag_1-Ac_1 to react with a detection substance, wherein said detection substance reacts with said human immunoglobulin and not with said first antigen (Ag_1), and wherein the reaction product Ag_1-Ac_1 is formed from the reaction of said human immunoglobulin Ac_1 and

said first antigen Ag_1, and

d) providing a controlled sample containing a human serum to be tested for detecting whether said detection substance has reacted with the reaction product,

wherein said detection substance is a secondary detection antibody Ac_2 which is a labeled anti-human immunoglobulin which does not react with protein A, and wherein said detection substance is labeled by fluorescent marking ~~human immunoglobulin react with said first antigen~~.

16. (cancelled)

17. (previously presented) The in vitro serological diagnosis method according to claim 16, wherein said anti-human immunoglobulin is an immunoglobulin of animal origin which is goat immunoglobin or chick immunoglobulin.

18. (cancelled)

19. (previously presented) The in vitro serological diagnosis method according to claim 18 which further comprises:

- performing a series of tests at increasing dilutions of the sample to be tested with the detection substance Ac_2, wherein the detection substance Ac_2 is an immunoglobulin conjugated with a fluorescent substance, and

- verifying whether a reaction product Ag_1-Ac_1-Ac_2 can be detected by fluorescence at a dilution of the sample to be tested of 1/200 or less, wherein the reaction product Ag_1-Ac_1-Ac_2 is formed by the reaction of the human immunoglobulin Ac_1, the first antigen Ag_1, and the detection substance Ac_2.

20. (currently amended) The in vitro serological diagnosis method according to claim 15, wherein said infectious microbial agent of said second antigen Ag_2 is a micro-organism selected from ~~micro-organisms containing~~ a bacterium, a virus, a parasite or a fungus.

21. (previously presented) The in vitro serological diagnosis method according to claim 20, wherein said second antigen Ag_2 is an intracellular bacterium or a virus.

22. (currently amended) The in vitro serological diagnosis method according to claim 20, wherein said second antigen Ag_2 is a bacteria selected from ~~bacteria of the genus~~ Rickettsia, Coxiella, Bartonella, Tropheryma, Ehrlichia, Chlamydia, Mycoplasma, Treponema, Borrelia, or~~and~~ Leptospira.

23. (previously presented) The in vitro serological diagnosis method according to claim 22, wherein said second antigen Ag_2 is an infectious microbial agent which is a bacterium responsible for endocarditis.

24. (currently amended) The in vitro serological diagnosis method according

to claim 21, wherein said second antigen Ag_2 is an infectious microbial agent which is a viral antigen selected from ~~among the~~ human immunodeficiency virus ~~H.I.V.~~, cytomegavirus~~C.M.V.~~ or Epstein-Barr viruses.

25. (previously presented) A diagnosis kit for detecting the presence of antibodies specific to an infectious microbial agent in a sample to be tested, which comprises:

- a solid substrate comprising a second antigen Ag_2 which is an infectious microbial agent,

- one positive controlling inclusion comprising a human serum in the sample to be tested which comprises a first antigen Ag_1 containing a whole Staphylococcus aureus bacterium containing protein A, and

- at least one reagent which can detect the presence of a reaction product of said first antigen with a human immunoglobulin Ac_1 comprising a detection substance Ac_2 which comprises a labeled immunoglobulin which is an anti-human immunoglobulin which does not react with protein A.